

These provide a quick visual picture of your process loop at all times and can greatly aid in saving time during initial startup and troubleshooting.

### **Output Test**

An API exclusive feature includes output test buttons for each channel to provide a fixed output (independent of the input) when held depressed.

Terminals are also provided to operate the test functions remotely for each channel. This also allows use as a remote manual override to provide a temporary fixed output if desired.

The test output level for each channel is potentiometer adjustable from 0 to 100% of the output span. The output test greatly aids in saving time during initial startup and/or troubleshooting.

# **Options and Accessories**

# Options-add to end of model number

- Channel 1 I/O reversal (i.e. 20-4 mA out) R1
- Channel 2 I/O reversal (i.e. 20-4 mA out) R2
- **R**3 Channel 1 and channel 2 I/O reversal
- M19 Channel 1 high voltage output >10 V up to 20 V
- M29 Channel 2 high voltage output >10 V up to 20 V
- M39 Channel 1 and channel 2 high voltage output

U Conformal coating for moisture resistance

Accessory-order as separate line item

API BP4 Spare removable 4 terminal plug, black

0-1 mADC to 0-25 mADC, 4-20 mADC 20 V compliance. 1000  $\Omega$  at 20 mA Multi-turn zero and span potentiometers for each output channel ±15% of span adjustment range typical **Output Characteristics** ±0.1% of span Better than 0.04% span/°C

signal rejection, and noise pickup reduction.

# **Output Sink/Source Versatility**

plies for each output channel. These power supplies can be selectively wired for sinking or sourcing allowing use with any combination of powered or unpowered milliamp I/O devices.

# How to Order

Ranges and options for each channel must be specified on order

Channel 1 input range, excitation voltage

Model	Description	Power
APD 2057	DuoPak 2 channel Strain-DC, FreqDC	85-265 VAC, 50/60 Hz or 60-300 VDC
APD 2057 D	converter/isolator/ transmitter	9-30 VDC or 10-32 VAC

**Output Loop Power Supplies** 

20 VDC nominal, regulated, 25 mADC for each output channel May be selectively wired for sinking or sourcing mA output

Less than 10 mVRMs

**Output Test** 

**Output Calibration** 

Temperature stability:

**Response Time** 

Output ripple and noise:

Full 5-way, 1200 VRMs minimum

Channel 1: 70 milliseconds nominal

Linearity:

Isolation

Front buttons set each output to test level when pressed Each test level potentiometer adjustable 0-100% of span

# Installation Environment

Mount vertically to a 35 mm DIN rail For use in Pollution Degree 2 Environment IP 40 housing, requires installation inside an enclosure -10°C to +60°C operating ambient

### Connectors

Eight 4-terminal removable connectors, 14 AWG max wire size Power

85-265 VAC, 50/60 Hz or 60-300 VDC, 6 W maximum D versions: 9-30 VDC or 10-32 VAC 50/60 Hz, 6 W maximum

The input ranges and the output ranges for each channel are independent and can be specified as required. This provides an economical two channel solution in one device.

Typical applications include signal conversion, isolation, and redundancy (i.e. to prevent failure of the entire loop if one device fails), or a combination of these.

Each input signal is filtered, amplified, and then passed through an opto-coupler to the output stages. Full 5-way isolation (input 1, input 2, output 1, output 2, power) make this module useful for ground loop elimination, common mode

Standard on the APD 2057 are 20 VDC loop excitation sup-

Models are factory ranged. See I/O ranges above left.

# **Channel 2 input range**

**Channel 1 output range** 

# **Channel 2 output range**

Model	Description	Power		
APD 2057	DuoPak 2 channel Strain-DC, FreqDC	85-265 VAC, 50/60 Hz 60-300 VDC		
APD 2057 D	converter/isolator/ transmitter	9-30 VDC or 10-32 VA		

1220 American Way Libertyville, IL 60048 Phone: 800-942-0315 Fax: 800-949-7502

Absolute Process Instruments

# Instructions

# Precautions

WARNING! All wiring must be performed by a qualified electrician or instrumentation engineer. See diagram for terminal designations and wiring examples. Consult factory for assistance

WARNING! Avoid shock hazards! Turn signal input, output, and power off before connecting or disconnecting wiring, or removing or installing module.

### Précautions

ATTENTION! Tout le câblage doit être effectué par un électricien ou ingénieur en instrumentation qualifié. Voir le diagramme pour désignations des bornes et des exemples de câblage. Consulter l'usine pour assistance.

ATTENTION! Éviter les risques de choc! Fermez le signal d'entrée, le signal de sortie et l'alimentation électrique avant de connecter ou de déconnecter le câblage, ou de retirer ou d'installer le module.

API maintains a constant effort to upgrade and improve its products. Specifications are subject to change without notice. See api-usa.com for latest product information. Consult factory for your specific requirements.



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals includ-ing nickel, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer or birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

## Electrical Connections

Polarity must be observed for signal wiring connections. If the input and/or output do not function, check wiring and polarity. Each product is factory configured to your exact input and output ranges as indicated on the serial number label.

Outputs

For milliamp ranges determine if your devices provide power to the current loop or if the loop must be powered by the APD module. Typical voltage may be 9-24 VDC at your device's terminals if it provides power to the loop.

Device for Output Channel 1	Terminal	Terminal
Voltage input device.	3 (–)	<b>4 (</b> +)
Unpowered or passive mA input device. APD module provides the loop power.	3 (–)	4 (+20 V)
mA input device powers the current loop.	2 (-)	3 (+)
Device for Output Channel 2	Terminal	Terminal
Device for Output Channel 2 Voltage input device.	Terminal 7 (–)	Terminal 8 (+)

## Input 1, Bridge, Strain Gauge, Load Cell

Refer to wiring diagram at right and strain gauge manufacturer's data sheet for wiring and color-coding. Polarity must be observed when connecting input. Sensor shield wire (if equipped) should be grounded at one end only.

The excitation voltage is factory set and should match the sensor manufacturer's recommendations. A front potentiometer allows approximately ±10% fine adjustment of the excitation voltage. CAUTION: Never short the excitation leads together. This will cause internal damage to the module.

Bridge Input Channel 1	– Terminal	+ Terminal
Strain gauge signal input	17 (+)	<b>19 (</b> –)
Excitation voltage	18 (-)	20 (+)

#### Input 2, Frequency

The input range is pre-configured at the factory. No input calibration is necessary. The frequency input is compatible with most types of sensors that product a minimum 100 mV amplitude change and a minimum 5 microsecond pulse width.

A 15 VDC supply is available to power the sensor if required. Always refer to the sensor manufacturer's data sheet to determine supply voltage compatibility and proper wiring.

Frequency Sensor Ch. 2	Signal Com.	Sensor Power	Signal Input
2 wire or Namur requiring external power	n/a	22 <mark>(+15 V)</mark>	23 <mark>(+)</mark>
2 wire self generating (VR)	21 (-)	n/a	23 (+)
3 wire PNP or NPN	21 (-)	22 (+15 V)	23 <mark>(+)</mark>

#### Sensor Load

The frequency signal input is capacitively coupled to prevent any DC in the input. Some sensors, typically those without an internal load resistor, require a resistive load in order to function.

The resistor value may be specified by the sensor manufacturer as the "minimum resistive load" or calculated from the sensor manufacturer's specified "load current range"

The 15 VDC power supply is capable of providing 25 mA. A load current range of 3 mA to 25 mA would typically use a 5 k $\Omega$  to 500  $\Omega$  resistor.

# **Module Power Terminals**

Check label for module operating voltage to make sure it matches available power. The power supplies are fuse protected and the unit may be returned to API for fuse replacement.

When using DC power, either polarity is acceptable, but for consistency, wire positive (+) to terminal 25 and negative (-) to terminal 28.

# Mounting to a DIN Rail

Install module vertically on a 35 mm DIN rail in a protective enclosure away from heat sources. Do not block air flow. Allow 1" (25 mm) above and below housing vents for air circulation

- 1. Tilt front of module down and position the lower spring clips against the bottom edge of DIN rail.
- 2. Push front of module upward until upper mount snaps into place.

#### Removal

Avoid shock hazards! Turn signal input, output, and power off.

- 1. Push up on bottom back of module
- 2. Tilt front of module downward to release upper mount from top edge of DIN rail
- 3. The module can now be removed from the DIN rail.

#### Calibration

Input and output ranges are factory pre-configured (at 24°C ±1°C). Front-mounted Zero and Span potentiometers for each channel can be used to compensate for load and lead variations

- 1. Apply power to the module and allow min. 30 minute warm up time.
- 2. Using an accurate voltmeter on terminals 18 and 20 adjust the excitation voltage fine adjustment potentiometer to the strain gauge manufacturer's recommended value.
- 3. Using an accurate calibration source, provide an input to the module equal to the minimum input required for the application.
- 4. Using an accurate measurement device for the output, adjust the Zero potentiometer for the exact minimum output desired. The Zero control should only be adjusted when the input signal is at its minimum. This will produce the corresponding minimum output signal. For example: 4 mA for a 4-20 mA output or -10 V for a ±10 V output.
- 5. Set the input at maximum, and then adjust the Span pot for the exact maximum output desired. The Span control should only be adjusted when the input signal is at its maximum. This will produce the corresponding maximum output signal. Example: for 4-20 mA output, set the Span control to 20 mA

Repeat adjustments for both channels for maximum accuracy.

## Ch. 2 Sensitivity Adjustment

This multi-turn potentiometer provides an adjustable threshold level that the incoming signal must overcome before an output can be produced. This is used to limit noise and minimize false input signals that may cause erroneous readings.

Fully clockwise: (max. sensitivity), input threshold is  $\pm 25$  mV. Fully counterclockwise: (min. sensitivity), input threshold is ±2.5 volts.

**Output Test Function** 

When the Test button is depressed it will drive the output with a known good signal that can be used as a diagnostic aid during initial start-up or troubleshooting. When released, the output will return to normal

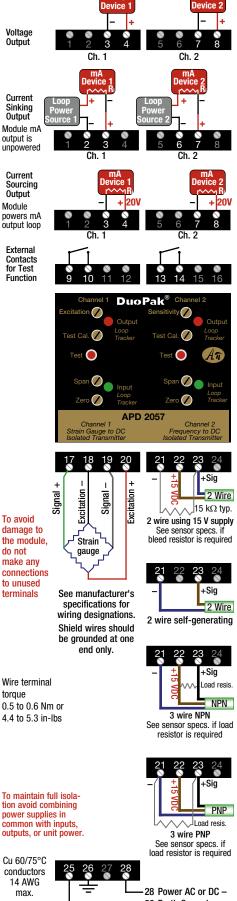
Each Test Cal. potentiometer is factory set to approximately 50% output. Each can be adjusted to set the test output from 0 to 100% of the output span. Press and hold the Test button and adjust the corresponding Test Cal. potentiometer for the desired output level. They may optionally be externally wired for remote test operation or a manual override. See wiring diagram at right.

### Operation

The APD 2057 accepts one strain gauge input and one frequency input and provides two optically isolated DC voltage or current outputs that are linearly related to the inputs.

Green LoopTracker® input LEDs provide a visual indication that each signal is being sensed by the input circuitry of the module. They also indicates the input signal strength by changing in intensity as the process changes from minimum to maximum

If an LED fails to illuminate, or fails to change in intensity as the process changes, check the module power or signal input wiring. Two red LoopTracker output LEDs provide a visual indication that the output signals are functioning. They become brighter as the input and each corresponding output change from minimum to maximum. For a current output the red LED will only light if the output loop current path is complete. For either current or voltage outputs, failure to illuminate or a failure to change in intensity as the process changes may indicate a problem with the module power or signal output wiring. Note that it may be difficult to see the LEDs under bright lighting conditions.



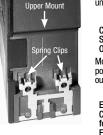
26 Earth Ground

25 Power AC or DC +



1220 American Way Libertyville, IL 60048 Phone: 800-942-0315 Fax: 800-949-7502

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